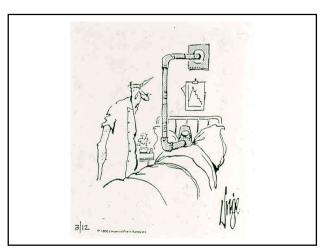
Virtual Tour of Plant Engineering-HVAC

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HVAC

Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

- □ Air handling units are the core elements of HVAC systems
- HVAC systems condition and circulate the air throughout the hospital
- Central air handling units connect ducts that run through the building
- ☐ Air filters are built into the heating and cooling systems
- □ The air filters reduce airborne contaminants
- □ Humidity, temperature and pressure (through ducts) sensors

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SPECIAL HEALTHCARE SETTINGS

(Airborne Infection Isolation-All)

- □ Planning new or renovating All units
 - Directed airflow: exhaust air to the outside, away from airintake and populated areas (IC)
 - Well-sealed room (IB)
 - Room-air pressure: Maintain continuous negative room with respect to corridor; monitor air pressure periodically (IB).; install self-closing doors (IC)
 - Room-air changes: Maintain at ≥12 per hour (IB)

Calculate Air Changes Per Hour

- ☐ Air changes per hour is a calculation of how many times per hour the entire volume of air in a room is replaced with supply air.
- \Box ACH = CFM x 60m / volume (I x w x h of space) of room ft³
- □ To calculate room air changes, measure the supply airflow into a room, multiply the CFM times 60 minutes per hour. Then divide by the volume of the room in cubic feet (just changing CFM into Cubic Feet per Hour (CFH).
- ☐ For example, 200 CFM x 60 m/h =12,000 CFH
- ☐ If room is 12 ft x 10 ft x 10 ft = 1200 cubic feet
- □ 12,000 CFH/1200 CF = 10 AC/hour

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	Area Designation	Air reovement relationship to exposent area	Minimum total air changes per hour UNO Hospitals*	All air clinicity exhausted to outdoore	Filtering System	Monitoring	Plant Engineering schedule for verification and occumentation**
	Bronchoecopy Rooms: 6° Floor Main Hospital and 2° Floor Children's Hospital	Continuous negative pressure	12 ACH*	YES		PM program for HVAC.	ACH verified and documented ennually
	Central Startle Processing Shellizer Equipment Rocks, Chapel His	Continuous negative pressure	10 ACHP	YES		PM program for HVAC. Temperature and humidity history recorded in HVAC control system. Temperature, humidity, and pressure monitored by circuit department.	ACH verified and documented annually.
Air Quality	Central Startle Processing Startizer Equipment Room, Hillsborough	Continuous negative pressure	10 ACH*	YES		Temperature and humidity history recorded in HCNC control system. Temperature, humidity, and pressure monitored by clinical sleparitery).	ACH verified and documented annually.
System Mgmt	Central Startle Processing Startises Equipment Rices, ASC	Continuous negative pressure	10 ACHP	YES		PM peopless for HAAC by UNIC Facilities Services. Temperature and humidity history reconded in HAAC control opstern by UNIC Facilities Services. Temperature, humidity, pressure monitored by clinical department.	ACH vertiled and documented arresulty.
	Central Processing Sterie Storage Room, Chapel HIII	Continuous positive pressure	4 ACHP	NO		PM program for HVAC. Temperature and humidity history recorded in HVAC control system. Temperature, humidity, and pressure monitored by clinical department.	ACH verified and documented within 3 years.
	Central Proceeding Storal Storage Room, Hillsborough	Continuous positive pressure	4 ADIF	NO		Temperature and humidity history recorded in HVAC control system. Temperature, humidity, and pressure monitored by clinical department.	ACH verified and documented within 3 years.
	Central Proceeding Sterile Storage Room, Sterile Proceeding Room and Clear Cart Holding Room, A.50	Continuous positive pressure	4ADF	NO		PM program for MARC by UNIC Facilities Services. Temperature and humidity history reconsiders in MARC control systems by UNIC Facilities Services. Temperature, humidity, pressure monitored by clinical department.	ACH verified and documented within 2 years.
	Central Processing Deconfamination Room, Chapel Hill	Continuous negative pressure	6 ADIF	YES		PM program for WARC. Temperature and hamidity history recorded in HARC control system. Temperature, humidity, and pressure manished by clinical dispertners.	ACH vertied and documented ennually.
	Central Processing Decontamination Room, Hillsborough	Continuous negative pressure	BACH	YES		Temperature and humidity history moveded in MASC control numbers	ACH rerified and documented arroughy.

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Resi	dential B	uildings	
Le	ocation Type	Suggested Outdoor Air Ventilation Rate (air changes per hour)	
	Homes	0.35-1	
_0	Hotel Rooms	1-2	
14.	Offices	2-3	
	Retail Shops	2-3	
	Schools (except lecture halls)	5-6	
JIT	Sports Facilities	4-8	
on the	Restaurants	6-8	

Air Quality System Mgmt

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nimum Tota r Changes Per Hour
6
6
10
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Recommendations for Cleaning and Disinfecting of Noncritical Surfaces and Medical Devices in COVID-19 Patient Care Kanamori, Weber, Rutala, Clin Infect Dis, https://doi.org/10.1093/cid/ciaa1467, 28 September 2020

- ☐ Standardize cleaning/disinfection of environmental surfaces and medical devices in rooms occupied by COVID-19 patients.
- ☐ Follow CDC recommendation for letting room remain empty after discharge for the specified time period.
- □ Provide education and training for cleaning/disinfecting staff on proper donning and doffing of PPE as recommended by CDC.

Air changes/hour (ACH) and time required for airborne-contaminant removal by efficiency * | Time (mins.) required for removal 993% efficiency | 939% effici

-AFTER FILTER SUPPLY FAN ASEPTIC AIR UNIT COOLING COIL INTERMEDIATE FILTER REHEAT COIL ACTIVATED CARBON - STEAM HUMIDIFIER PREFILTER TYP. ZONE BRANCH AUTOMATIC CONTROL DAMPERS PREHEAT HUMIDITY -CONTROL 55% COIL DISCHARGE-CEILING PLENUM SUPPLY TO OUTDOORS OPERATING ROOM - LOW EXHAUST - REGISTER RETURN/EXHAUST FAN Fig. 2-1. Schematic flow diagram of Aseptic Air System.

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Environmental Infection Control for Special Health Care Settings

Figure 3. Example of negative-pressure room control for airborne infection isolation (AID)* + \$5.

Monitor

Our Health Care Settings

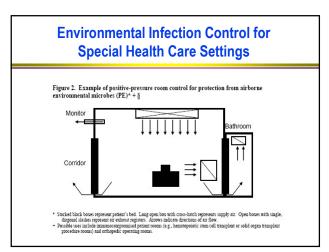
Bathroom

Bathroom

Sandael Mack boxes represent passed: beel. Long open box with cross-hands represents supply air. Open boxes with single, dispense represent are relative regimen. Arrows indicate direction of air flow.

Possible uses include restrained or procedure rooms, to room control for airborne.

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Environmental Infection Control for Special Health Care Settings

Figur 4. Example of airborne infection isolation (AII) room with anteroom and neutral antercom* ** §

All out immune.

Control

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Control

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Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value

What does a MERV Rating mean to me?

The acronym MERV stands for "Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value." MERV ratings are used to rate the ability of an air cleaner filter to remove dust from the air as it passes through the filter. MERV is a standard used to measure the overall efficiency of a filter. The MERV scale ranges from 1 to 16, and measures a filter's ability to remove particles from 30 to 10 microns in size. To give you an idea of the scale of a micron, 100 microns is about the thickness of a piece of paper or a human hair. Filters with higher ratings not only remove more particles from the air, they also remove smaller particles.

MERV ratings are determined by adding particles of varying sizes into a controlled testing environment. The particles are added upstream of the test filter and a laser particle counter samples the air before it enters the filter and after it leaves the filter. The two particle counts are compared to calculate the Particle Size Efficiency of the tested filter. Once this is determined, a MERV Parameters chart is used to determine the MERV rating.

Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value

MERV Rating Chart

MERV Rating Dust Spot Efficiency*		Typical Controlled Contaminant	Applications	Air Filter Type	
1	<20%	>10.0 micron Particle Size	Minimal Filtration	Throwsway - Disposable fiberglass or synthetic panel filter	
2	<20%	Pollen, Dust Mites, Sanding Dust, Soray Paint Dust, Testile Fibers.	Residential Window A/C Units	Washable - Alaminum mesh Electrostatid - Self charging woven panel filter	
3	<20%	Carpet Fibers			
4	<20%	1			
5	<20%	3.0-10.0 micron Particle Size	Commercial Buildings Retter Residential	Pleated Filters - Disposible, extended surface area, thick with conten-polyaster birnd media, careboard frame Cartridge Filters - Graded density viscous cased cube or pocket filters, synthetic media. Therewassey - Clip possible synthetic panel filter.	
6	<20%	Mold Spores, Hair Spray, Fabric Protector, Dusting Aids, Carment	Industrial Workplace Paint Booth Inlet		
7	25-30%	Dust, Pudding Mix			
s	30-35%	1			
9	40-45%	1.0-3.0 micron Particle Size	Better Commercial Superior Residential Hospital Laboratories Welding Booth Inlet	Bag Filter - Nonsupported microfine filterglam or synthetic media, typically 6" - 36" deep, 6 - 12 pockets Ber Filter - Rigid style cartridge filters typically 4" - 12" deep may use lofted or paper media	
10	50-55%	Legionella, Humidifier Dust, Lead Dust, Milled Flour, Auto			
11	60-65%	Emissions, Welding Furnes			
12	70-75%				
13	89-90%	.30-1.0 micron Particle Size	Superior Commercial General Surgery Hospital Rooms Smoking Lounge	Bag Filter - Nonsupported microfine fibergies or synthetic media, typically 6" - 36" deep, 6 - 12 pocks. Box Filter - Rigid style cartridge filters typically 4" - 22" deep may use lofted or paper media	
14	90-95%	All Bacteria, Most Tobacco Smoke, Proplet Nucel (Sneeze)			
15	>95%				
16	>95%	1			

* Dust spot officiency measures a filter's ability to remove large particles, those that tend to soil build

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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning MERV 8 (30-35% in 3-10µ)



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning MERV 8 (30-35% in 3-10µ)



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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning MERV 11 (60-65% in 1-3µ)



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning HEPA (High Efficiency Particulate Air)



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Activated Carbon Filter-removes organic compounds and odors



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning MERV 14 (90-95% in 0.3-1µ)



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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Four HVAC Systems In Cancer Hospital



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
Supply Air from Outside



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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Filter Bank of MERV 8



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
Removal of MERV 8 from Filter Bank



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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Air from Patient Rooms Recirculated



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
Return Air Hits Wall and Directed to Filters



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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

Return Air with Diffusion Screen and MERV 11



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
MERV 11 with Activated Carbon Filter

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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
Magnehelic Gauge Used to Measure Pressure Differential



Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
Filtered Air is Conditioned



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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Filtered Air is Conditioned

Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

Filtered Air is Conditioned (Cooled) Causing Condensate with Antimicrobial Tablets

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Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
Roughing Filter with MERV 14

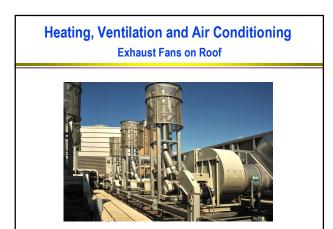


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Thank you